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(54) APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SECURE AUTHENTICATION OF A COMMUNICATION DEVICE

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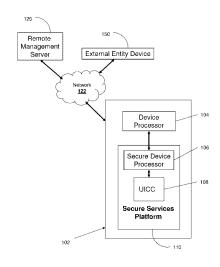
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(57) ABSTRACT

A system that incorporates the subject disclosure may perform, for example, receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in a secure element memory, receiving a request for an authentication from a secure device processor of the communication device where the request for the authentication includes a user credential inputted into the communication device, comparing the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication, and providing the authentication and the external credential to the secure device processor without providing the baseline credential to enable the secure device processor to provide the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device. Other embodiments are disclosed.

20 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



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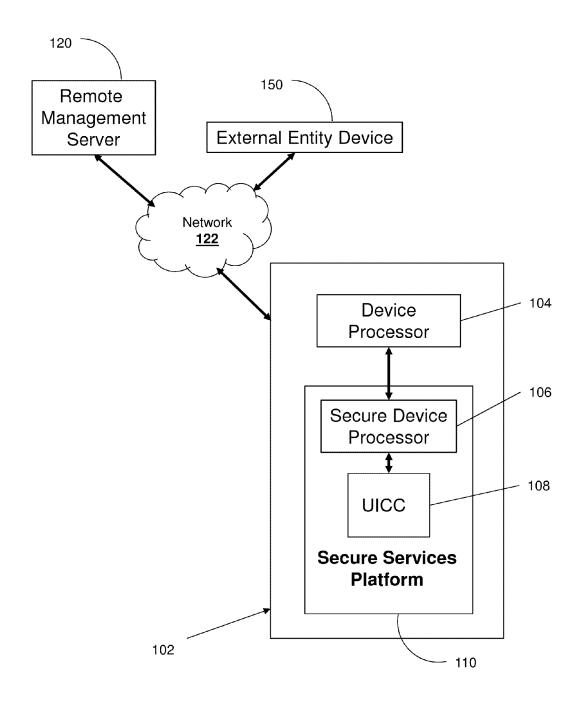
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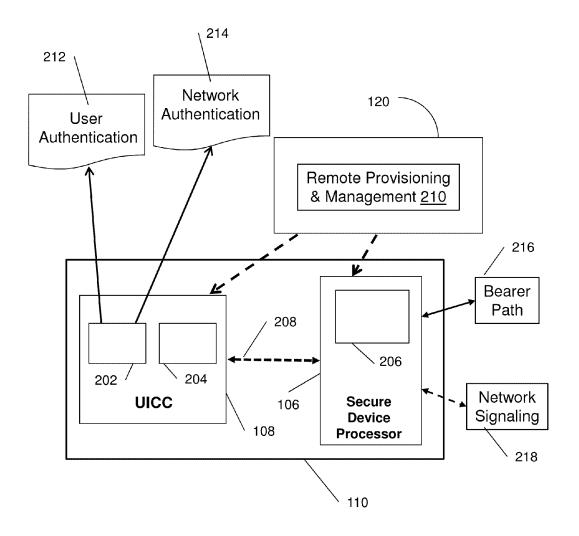
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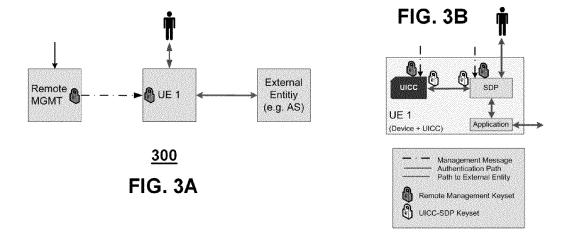
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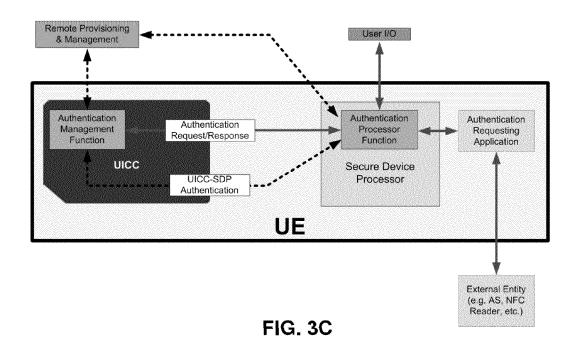


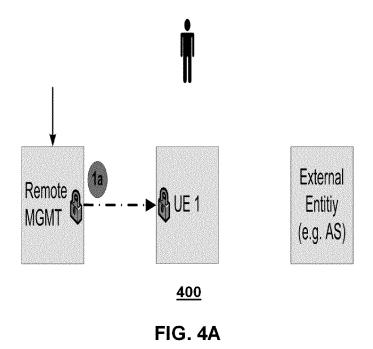
100 FIG. 1

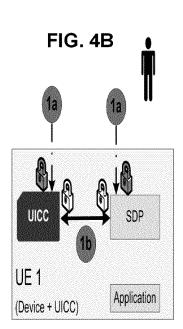


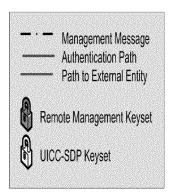
200 FIG. 2

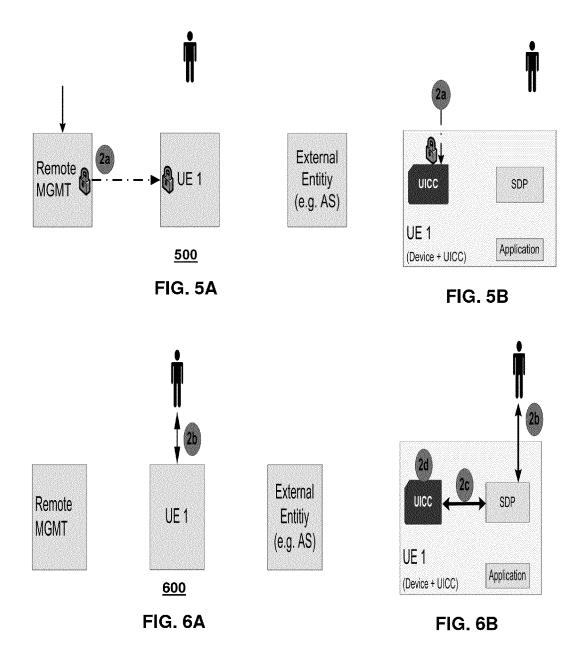












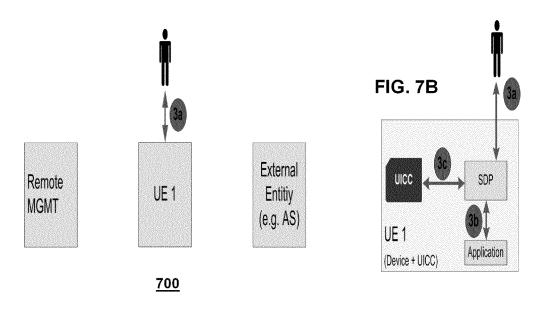
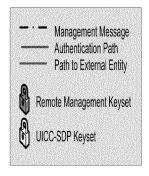
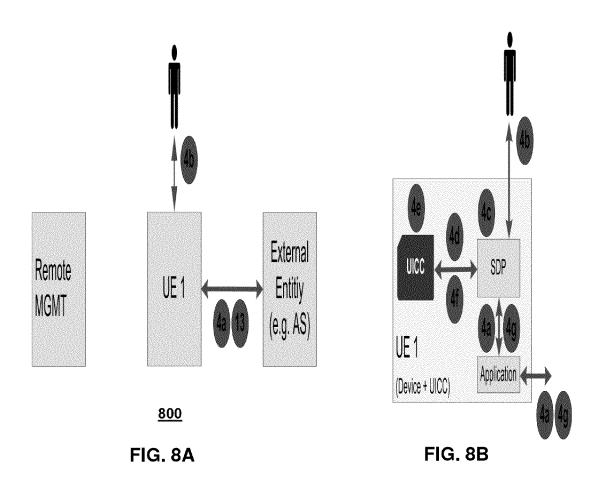
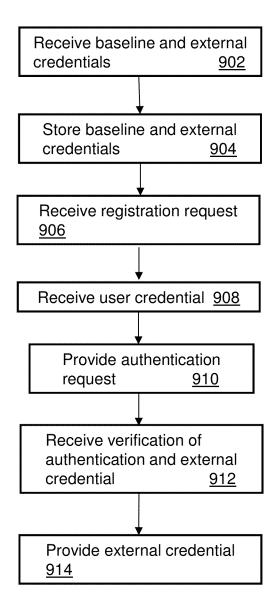


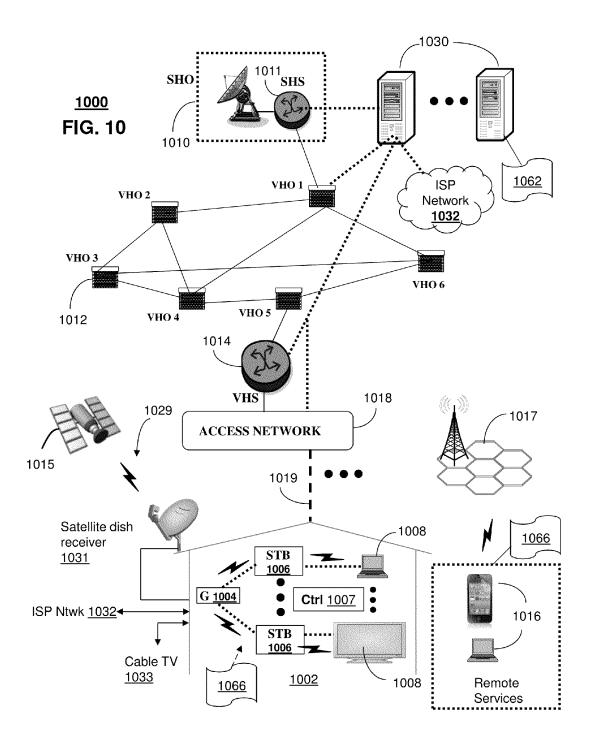
FIG. 7A

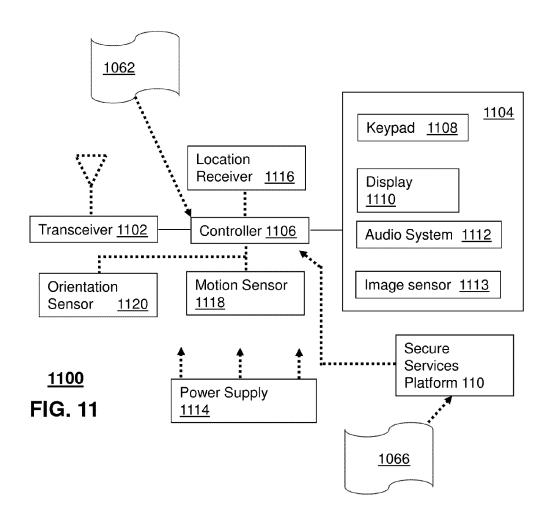






900 FIG. 9





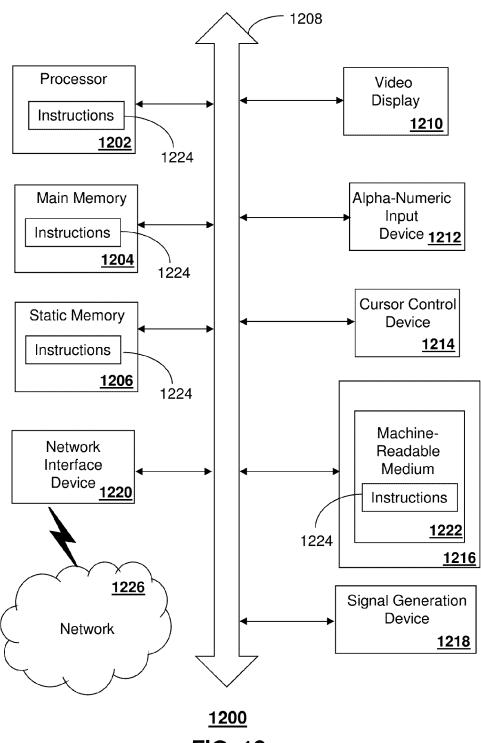


FIG. 12

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR SECURE AUTHENTICATION OF A COMMUNICATION DEVICE

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

The subject disclosure relates to an apparatus and method for secure authentication of a communication device.

BACKGROUND

Electronic devices are being utilized with more frequency to conduct various types of transactions and exchanges of information. The use of external devices, such as web servers, often requires identifying that a user requesting a service is authorized to utilize the service. Allowing an unauthorized user to utilize services can be costly in terms of resources consumed, confidential information being exposed, and so forth.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

FIG. 1 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a system that 25 enables use of a secure element and a secure device processor as part of a secure services platform for a secure authentication of a user of a communication device;

FIG. 2 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a system including the communication device of FIG. 1 implementing 30 authentication and management functions;

FIGS. 3A-3C depict an illustrative embodiment of a system that can be used for securely authenticating a user of a communication device;

FIGS. 4A-4B depict an illustrative embodiment of a system that can be used for provisioning devices that are engaged in securely authenticating a user of a communication device;

FIGS. **5A-5B** and **6A-6B** depict an illustrative embodiment of a system that can be used for configuring a communication device with baseline credentials for securely authenticating a 40 user of the communication device;

FIGS. 7A-7B depict an illustrative embodiment of a system that can be used for registering applications that will utilize the secure authentication of the user of the communication device;

FIGS. **8**A-**8**B depict an illustrative embodiment of a system that can be used for securely authenticating a user of a communication device;

FIG. 9 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a method used in portions of the systems described in FIGS. 1-8B;

FIG. 10 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication system that provides media services including secure authentication of a user of a communication device;

FIG. 11 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication device that can securely authenticate its user; and

FIG. 12 is a diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methods described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The subject disclosure describes, among other things, illustrative embodiments in which a user may be authenticated through a communication device (e.g., a smartphone, a tablet, 65 and so forth) by using a secure element (e.g., which may exist within or be a Universal Integrated Circuit Card (UICC)) and

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a secure device processer (SDP) as an authentication platform. The credentials used to authenticate the user can be digital (e.g., binary) representations of items that can be used to verify a user's identity, including passwords, pin numbers, digital signatures, or biometric data (e.g., fingerprint, voice-print, or faceprint). The UICC can be a highly secure computing platform for storing secrets such as encryption keys and authentication credentials, and can host and execute applets. The SDP can be a processor that is logically and/or physically separate from the device processor and can offer more security than the device processor, but not as much security as the UICC. Examples of an SDP include a Trusted Execution Environment (TEE) and an embedded Secure Element (eSE). In one or more embodiments, together, the UICC and SDP can provide a secure means of authenticating a user.

The secure element can contain an authentication management function which stores encrypted authentication credentials. In one embodiment, two types of credentials can be 20 stored by the secure element: baseline credentials used to authenticate the user to the secure element and external credentials for external entities such as web-based email servers. In one or more embodiments, when prompted by an authentication processor function, the authentication management function can compare the stored authentication credentials (e.g., the baseline credentials) with those provided by the user to verify the identity of the user. In one or more embodiments, external credentials for external entities may be provided by the authentication management function if any are mapped to the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, the external credential can be the execution of an operation, such as a cryptographic operation (e.g., a digital signature, a signed secret response to a challenge, and so forth). In some embodiments, the external credential can be used as a challenge response from the external entity device. In other embodiments, the external credential can be a combination of data such as a user ID and password.

In one or more embodiments, the SDP can contain the authentication processor function which performs one or more of the following tasks: processing requests for authentication from applications in the device (e.g., a web browser, NFC applet, and so forth) or external entities (e.g., application servers, NFC readers, and so forth); prompting the user to provide authentication credentials; processing authentication to the authentication management function. In one or more embodiments, applications which interact with the authentication processor function are registered and associated with it.

One or more of the embodiments can use both the UICC 50 and SDP together to provide a secure platform for user authentication. One or more of the embodiments can use the SDP to process user generated authentication information such as biometric data for transmission to the UICC. One or more of the embodiments can use the UICC to store user baseline credentials and use them to verify the user's identity. One or more of the embodiments can use the UICC to store credentials for external entities such as web-based email servers and map them to baseline credentials. One or more of the embodiments can use secure remote management of the 60 UICC and SDP. One or more of the embodiments can use an authentication management function that may be located in the UICC. One or more of the embodiments can use an authentication processor function which is located in an SDP. One or more of the embodiments can use a remote management system which remotely manages the authentication management function and authentication processor function.

Other embodiments are included in the subject disclosure.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure includes a communication device having a secure element with a secure element memory including first executable instructions. The secure element, responsive to executing the first executable instructions, can perform first operations including receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, storing the baseline credential and the external credential in the secure element memory, and mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. The communication device can also have a secure device processor having a secure device processor memory with second executable instructions. The secure device processor can be separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element. The secure device processor, responsive to executing the second executable instructions, can perform 15 second operations including receiving an application registration request where the receiving of the external credential by the secure element is responsive to the application registration request, receiving user input including a user credential, providing a request for an authentication to the secure 20 element where the request for the authentication includes the user credential and enables the secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication, receiving the authentication and the external credential from the secure element without receiving the 25 baseline credential, and providing the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure is a method including receiving, by a secure element of a communication 30 device, a baseline credential and an external credential, storing the baseline credential and the external credential in a secure element memory of the secure element, and receiving, by a secure device processor of the communication device, an application registration request, wherein the secure device 35 processor is separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element. The method can include receiving, by the secure device processor, user input including a user credential. The method can include providing a request for an authentication from the secure device processor 40 to the secure element, where the request for the authentication includes the user credential and enables the secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication. The method can include receiving, by the secure device processor, the authentication and the 45 external credential from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential. The method can include providing, by the secure device processor, the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device.

One embodiment of the subject disclosure is a computer readable storage device including instructions which, responsive to being executed by a secure element of a communication device, cause the secure element to perform operations that include receiving a baseline credential and an external 55 credential. The secure element can store the baseline credential and the external credential in a secure element memory of the secure element, and can map the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. The secure element can receive a request for an authentication from a 60 secure device processor of the communication device, where the secure device processor is separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element, and where the request for the authentication includes a user credential inputted into the communication device. The secure 65 element can compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication. The secure element

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can provide the authentication and the external credential to the secure device processor without providing the baseline credential to enable the secure device processor to provide the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device.

In accordance with an embodiment of the disclosure, FIG. 1 depicts a system 100 that includes a communication device 102 connected to or otherwise in communication with a network 122 and provided with a secure services platform 110 enabling authentication of other communication devices and encrypted communication with those devices. Device 102 can be loaded with authentication applications (to the secure element and to the secure device processor, respectively), and can be personalized with baseline credentials. Applications can be registered and associated with the device 102 to enable the secure authentication by the device 102. The secure authentication by the device 102 can entail authenticating the user to the UICC and authenticating the user to an external entity.

It will be appreciated that the communication device 102 may be any device, including a user device, which has a secure element and a secure device processor. The term "user," in this example, refers to a human user of the communication device. However, in other embodiments, the user can be a machine that exchanges data with the communication device 102 after being authenticated to the communication device. Communication device 102 can include a device processor 104, a SDP 106 and a secure element 108. In this embodiment, secure element 108 can be a UICC. The UICC can be a secure computing platform and can offer a high level of security for storing encryption keys, authentication credentials, and the like. The UICC may be removable from the device. In other embodiments, the UICC may be embedded in the device and not removable. In other embodiments, the secure element 108 can be placed on a memory card or an embedded chip. The SDP 106 can be logically and/or physically separate from the device processor 104, and can be connected to both the device processor and the UICC 108. In this embodiment, the SDP 106 can offer a higher level of security than the device processor 104, and can store and execute secure applications. The SDP 106 can, for example, run applications in a trusted execution environment. The secure element 108 and SDP 106 together can form a secure services platform 110 resident on the device 102. In this embodiment, secure element 108, SDP 106 and device processor 104 can each have a security level associated therewith, and the security level associated with the SDP 106 can be intermediate between that of the secure element 108 and that of the device processor 104. The SDP and secure element 108 can use mutual authentication, as described in more detail

The secure element 108 and SDP 106 can communicate with a remote management (function) server 120, located remotely from device 102. The remote management server 120 can be a platform for provisioning and/or managing applications in the secure element 108 and SDP 106. The remote management server 120 can also manage data (such as keys, credentials, and so forth) that are used by the applications. Examples of remote management servers are described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/679,479 filed on Nov. 16, 2012 and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/680,680 filed on Nov. 19, 2012, the disclosures of both of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

In this embodiment, user device 102 can be a wireless communication device connected to a cellular network 122. Network 122 can also be other types of networks operating according to various communication protocols, such as a

WiFi network. In other embodiments, device 102 can be connected to other devices via a wired connection through a computer. In still other embodiments, user devices can communicate with each other using Bluetooth, infrared communications (IRDa) and/or near field communications (NFC). A 5 communication session between user devices, wherein information is transferred between the users, can be effected by a wide variety of arrangements. A secure application server (SAS) can be used in some embodiments to establish a secure communication session between devices. However, a secure application server may not be used in embodiments where the communication session is established in a peer-to-peer manner, such as in Bluetooth, IRDa or NFC.

System 100 enables components of the secure services platform 110 (e.g., the secure element 108) to perform opera- 15 tions including receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, storing the baseline credential and the external credential in the secure element memory, and mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. System 100 enables components of the 20 secure services platform (e.g., a SDP 106) to perform operations including receiving an application registration request where the receiving of the external credential by the secure element 108 is responsive to the application registration request, receive user input including a user credential, pro- 25 vide a request for an authentication to the secure element, wherein the request for the authentication includes the user credential and enables the secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication, receive the authentication and the external credential 30 from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential, and provide the external credential to an external entity device 150 that is remote from the communication device 102. The external entity device 150 can be various types of devices, such as a third party web server, a network 35 element operating an application function, and so forth. In one or more embodiments, the application registration request can be received from various sources, such as remotely from the external entity device or some other remote device. In other embodiments, the application registration 40 request can be received locally, such as based on user input, from an application being executed by the device processor, or from an application being executed by another processor (e.g., the SDP) of the communication device.

In one or more embodiments, system 100 enables the 45 secure element 108 to include a universal integrated circuit card, where the receiving of the baseline credential is from a remote management server 120 that is remote from the communication device 102 and the external entity device, and where the secure element and the SDP 106 are mutually 50 authenticated with the remote management server using a remote management keyset. In one or more embodiments, the communication device 102 can include a device processor that is separate from the SDP 106 and in communication with the secure device processor, where the device processor 55 facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and the remote management server 120, where the receiving of the application registration request is from an application being executed by the device processor, and where the receiving of the user input is in response to a prompt 60 that is presented by the communication device responsive to the application being executed by the device processor. In one or more embodiments, the user credential can be inputted at a device other than communication device 102. For example, if User B's credentials are stored in device A, and if device A is 65 to be used to authenticate user B, the SDP of device B could send the credential(s) inputted by user B to the SDP of device

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A. This channel could be encrypted. The encryption may not be based on User B credentials since user B has not been authenticated. In one embodiment continuing with this example, a remote management server can be utilized for this authentication. In other embodiments, the communication exchange can be peer-to-peer between the SDPs of the respective devices so that the remote management server is not utilized. For instance, in an example of authentication between end user devices, an SDP_SDP keyset can be utilized, which is similar to the bearer path authentication keyset described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/023,932, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference. In one embodiment, the SDP_SDP keyset can be loaded to both SDPs (of the respective end user devices) by the remote management server prior to use. For example, this can occur when the applications are initially loaded. In addition to utilizing a bearer path authentication keyset (e.g., the SDP_SDP key set) to authenticate the two devices, the encryption between the two devices can be done using a bearer path encryption keyset as described in 50 of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/023,932 or a similar mechanism. In one embodiment, the UICC can store credentials provided by other users for a peer-to-peer service in which two (or more) users, with their respective devices, use the credentials stored in the other user's device for mutual authentication. In one or more embodiments, the communication device 102 can include a user interface, where the receiving of the baseline credential includes: receiving, by the SDP 106, biometric input captured at the user interface; converting, by the secure device processor, the biometric input into a binary biometric credential; providing the binary biometric credential from the secure device processor to the secure element 108; and encrypting, by the secure element, the binary biometric credential to generate the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, the baseline credential can include a password, a pin number, a digital signature, or combinations thereof. In one or more embodiments, the baseline credential can include a finger print, a voice print, a face print, or combinations thereof. In one or more embodiments, the external credential can include a server login. In one or more embodiments, the receiving of the application registration request can be from the external entity device, and the receiving of the user input can be in response to a prompt that is presented by the communication device 102 responsive to the application registration request. In one or more embodiments, the communication device 102 can include a user interface, where the receiving of the baseline credential includes: receiving, by the SDP 106, user data inputted at the user interface; converting, by the secure device processor, the user data into a binary credential; providing the binary credential from the secure device processor to the secure element 108; and encrypting, by the secure element, the binary credential to generate the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, the communication device can include a device processor that is separate from the SDP 106 and in communication with the secure device processor, where the device processor facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and a remote management server 120, where the device processor enables voice, video and/or data communication services to be provided by the communication device, where first executable instructions for the first operations are received by the secure element 108 from the remote management server, and where second executable instructions for the second operations are received by the secure device processor from the remote management server. In one or more embodiments, a user can have any number of credentials. In other embodiments, multiple users of a single device 102 can have

their baseline credentials stored in the secure element 108. Device 102 enables the creation, storage and/or management of one or more credentials for each of a plurality of users.

FIG. 2 is a schematic illustration 200 showing details of a secure services platform 110, according to an embodiment of 5 the disclosure, which can be used with the communication device 102 of FIG. 1. The secure element 108 (in this embodiment, a UICC) can contain an authentication management function 202 and a real-time encryption key generator 204. The authentication management function 202 can provide 10 authentication services for the device. For example, the authentication management function 202 can support mutual authentication of devices, support a mutual authentication of the device, such as with the remote management server 120 of FIG. 1. As shown in FIG. 2, the authentication management 15 function 202 can include a user authentication service 212 for authenticating the user to the device and a network authentication service 214 for authenticating the device to network equipment. The real-time encryption key generator 204 can supply encryption keys to a real-time encryption engine 206 20 which is located in the SDP 106. The real-time encryption engine 206 can encrypt and decrypt user information transmitted to or from a bearer path 216 that terminates at another device (e.g., another user device), and may encrypt and decrypt information transmitted on a signaling path 218 to the 25 network. In another embodiment, the encryption engine can be loaded on a second secure element, separate from the secure element 108.

The remote management server 120 can perform a remote provisioning and management function 210 to load applica- 30 tions, content and/or other information, such as credentials (e.g., baseline credentials and external credentials) into the secure element (e.g., UICC) 108 and SDP 106. In this embodiment, the remote management server 120 can provision the authentication management function 202 and real- 35 time encryption key generator 204 on the UICC 108, and can provision the real-time encryption engine 206 on the SDP 106. This can be done securely by the use of one or more remote management keysets. In one embodiment, before the secure services platform 110 can be used for communication, 40 the SDP 106 can be authenticated by the UICC 108. In one embodiment, this can be done using a UICC-SDP keyset. The UICC-SDP keyset may be provisioned remotely by the remote management server 120 or locally by an authorized user. In this embodiment, after the UICC 108 and SDP 106 are 45 mutually authenticated using the UICC-SDP keyset, they can communicate via a signaling path 208 within the secure services platform 110. The UICC-SDP keyset may be used for secure communication during initial loading and provisioning. However, the keys being utilized may be different. In one 50 embodiment, the path between the UICC 108 and the SDP 106 can go through the device processor 104 rather than directly between the UICC and the SDP.

In this embodiment of FIG. 2, the secure services platform 110 enables secure authentication of a user based on a baseline credential that is received either from a remote management server 120 or is generated by the secure element 108 based on data received from the SDP 106. For instance, the secure element 108 can receive a baseline credential (e.g., a password, pin number, digital signature, and so forth) and can store the secure element without sharing the baseline credential with components outside of the secure element (e.g., the SDP 106 or the device processor 104). As another example, the SDP 106 can obtain data (e.g., user input of a finger print, voice print, face print, or other user authentication information). The SDP 106 can translate the received user input into a binary credential which is then provided to the secure ele-

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ment 108. The secure element 108 can then further transform the binary credential, such as based on encryption, to generate the baseline credential. Once generated, the baseline credential can remain stored in the secure element 108 without being provided to the SDP 106.

In one or more embodiments, the secure element can exclusively verify authentication based on the baseline credential and received user input compared thereto. In one or more embodiments, external credentials that are mapped to the baseline credential can be provided to the SDP 106 which then provides the external credential to an external device, such as providing a log-in identification to a web server during a log-in procedure.

Referring to FIGS. 3A-C, a system 300 is depicted which illustrates providing user authentication at an end user device utilizing a secure element and a SDP. System 300 can include a platform (e.g., operated on the remote management server 120) to remotely provision and manage the applications on the UE. The remote management server 120 can create and load the necessary applications into both the UICC and SDP, as well as provisioning credentials (e.g., baseline and external credentials). In one or more embodiments, this can be done securely by the use of one or more remote management keysets. These keysets can be used to mutually authenticate the UICC 108 and SDP 106 with the remote management server 120 and to enable encryption between them.

In one or more embodiments, the SDP can be authenticated by the UICC using a UICC-SDP Keyset. This can occur once the applications have been loaded by the remote management server. In one or more embodiments, the user's baseline credentials can be loaded and stored in the authentication management function, which can also include encrypting the baseline credentials. These baseline credentials can be loaded by the remote management server or they can be created through the use of the authentication processor function. In one or more embodiments, applications register with the authentication processor function in order to enable the user authentication process. In one or more embodiments, the baseline credentials can include one or more of pin codes, passwords, and biometric data such as finger prints, voice prints, or face prints. In one or more embodiments, the external credentials being stored for use by external entities (e.g., a web-based email server) can include login-in information and so forth, and can be mapped to the baseline credentials.

In one or more embodiments, the secure element can compare the baseline credential with credentials supplied by the user during the lifecycle of the service. In one or more embodiments, baseline credentials do not leave the secure element, while external credentials can be provided from the secure element to an external entity after authentication with the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, baseline credentials may be loaded into the secure element from the network using a high security process based on GlobalPlatform or loaded directly by the user via a user interface (e.g., keyboard, audio recording component image capture components, and so forth). In one or more embodiments, user credentials (e.g., corresponding or otherwise associated with the baseline credentials) provided by the user are processed by the SDP in the device for transmission to the secure element. In one or more embodiments, applications that use secure element-based authentication register and associate with the SDP before the secure authentication process described herein may be utilized for the applications.

Referring to FIGS. 4A-C, system 400 is depicted which illustrates loading or otherwise provisioning the end user device with the applications that are utilized by the secure services platform for performing the secure user authentica-

tion process. If the applications have not been loaded at the time of manufacture, then at la, upon receiving a request for the service, the remote management server can download the authentication management function to the secure element and the authentication processor function to the SDP. In one 5 embodiment, remote management keysets can be used to securely transmit information from the remote management server to the end user device. This process can involve mutual authentication and encryption. At 1b, the secure element and the SDP mutually authenticate with each other once the two 10 are provisioned using the UICC-SDP Keyset.

In one or more embodiments, there are two ways that the user baseline credentials can be loaded into the authentication management function: through the remote management server or through the authentication processor function. 15 Referring to FIGS. 5A-B, system 500 is depicted which illustrates one of the ways of loading the baseline credentials. At 2a, if the remote management server is in possession of the user's baseline credentials, it may download them to the authentication management function using the remote management keyset.

Referring FIGS. 6A-B, system 600 is depicted which illustrates another way of loading or otherwise providing the baseline credentials to the secure element. At 2b, the authentication processor function can prompt the user to provide the 25 user baseline credentials. In one embodiment, the user can choose the type of credential to be stored (e.g. password, pin, biometric data, and so forth). At 2c, the authentication processor function can convert the credential supplied by the user into binary form and transmit it to the authentication management function. In one embodiment, this step can require authentication between the authentication management function and the authentication processor function. At 2d, the authentication management function can encrypt the credential and store it as the baseline credential. In one or more 35 embodiments, additional authentication between the secure element and the SDP can be imposed to enable the generation of the baseline credential from the data provided by the SDP.

Referring to FIGS. 7A-C, system 700 is depicted which illustrates enabling the registration of application so that the 40 applications can utilize the secure user authentication process described herein. For example, applications can be required to register and associate with the authentication processor function in order to use it. At 3a, this can be done explicitly by the user or at 3b implicitly by the application or the authen- 45 tication processor function. At 3c, once registered, credentials for external entities (e.g. login for a web-based email server) can provided to the authentication management function, processed, and stored in the authentication management function. The application management function can contain a 50 mapping between the baseline credentials and the external credentials for external entities. These external credentials may be provided explicitly by the user or implicitly by an application. In one or more embodiments, additional authentication between the secure element and the SDP can be 55 imposed to enable the process.

Referring to FIGS. 8A-C, system 800 is depicted which illustrates the user authentication process. At 4a, either or both of an application within the device or an external entity device requests the authentication processor function to 60 authenticate the user. At 4b, the authentication processor function can select the type of credential to be supplied and can request the user to supply it such as via a prompt displayed or otherwise rendered at the end user device. At 4c, once the user has provided the requested authentication credential, the authentication processor function can convert it to binary form for transmission to the application management

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function. At 4d, the authentication processor function can transmit the credential to the authentication management function for verification. If credentials for an external entity are required, the authentication processor function can request them from the authentication management function. At 4e, the authentication management function can compare the credential that was just provided by the user in step 4b to the baseline credential stored within it. At 4f, the authentication management function can respond to the request from the authentication processor function indicating whether or not the supplied credential matches the baseline credential. The authentication processor function can provide the credential for an external entity if it was requested to do so and if the user is verified. At 4g, the authentication processor function can notify the application whether or not the user is authenticated. This notification can be passed on to an external entity device. External entity credentials can be passed on to the external entity device if provided by the authentication processor function. In one or more embodiments, additional authentication between the secure element and the SDP can be imposed to enable the process.

FIG. 9 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a method for providing a secure authentication utilizing baseline credentials and external credentials. All or a portion of the steps of method 900 can be performed by various devices, including end user devices such as device 102 including secure services platform 110. Method 900 can begin at 902 by receiving a baseline credential. The baseline credential can be received by secure element 108. In some instances, an external credential can also be received, such as by the secure element 108. At 904, the baseline credential and the external credential can be stored, such as in a secure element memory of the secure element.

At 906, an application registration request can be received. The request can be received by SDP 106. At 908, a user credential can be received. In one or more embodiments, the user credential can be received by the SDP 106 as user input in response to a prompt displayed or otherwise rendered at the communication device 102. For instance, the device processor 104 can present a prompt requesting a user credential, such as in response to a request from an application being executed at the communication device 102 and/or in response to a request from an external entity device (e.g., a web server). In this example, the device processor 104 can provide the SDP 106 with the received user credential.

At 910, a request for an authentication can be generated, such as being provided from the SDP 106 to the secure element 108. The request for the authentication can include the user credential and can enable or otherwise request that the secure element 108 compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication. At 912, the verified authentication can be received by the SDP 106 without receiving the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, any external credential that has been mapped to the baseline credential can also be provided by the secure element to the SDP 106. At 914, the external credential can be provided, such as by the SDP 106, to an external entity device (e.g., a web server during a log-in procedure) that is remote from the communication device 102. In one or more embodiments, the SDP 106 may notify the external entity device and/or the application (e.g., being executed by the device processor or other component) that the user has been authenticated without providing an external credential.

In one or more embodiments, the secure element 108 can map the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. In one or more embodiments, the receiving of the external credential by the secure element 108

can be responsive to the application registration request. In one or more embodiments, the device 102 can provide voice video and/or data communication services utilizing the device processor 104 that is separate from the secure device processor and in communication with the SDP 106, where the 5 device processor facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and a remote management server 120, and where the baseline credential is received from the remote management server. In one or more embodiments, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential can 10 include: receiving, by the SDP 106, biometric input captured at a user interface of the communication device 102; converting, by the secure device processor, the biometric input into a binary biometric credential; providing the binary biometric credential from the secure device processor to the secure 15 element 108; and encrypting, by the secure element, the binary biometric credential to generate the baseline credential. In one or more embodiments, the baseline credential can include one or more of a password, a pin number, or digital signature. In one or more embodiments, the baseline creden- 20 tial can include one or more of a finger print, a voice print, or a face print. In one or more embodiments, the receiving of the application registration request can be from the external entity device, where the receiving of the user input is in response to a prompt that is presented by the communication 25 device 102 responsive to the application registration request.

FIG. 10 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication system 1000 for delivering media content. The communication system 1000 can represent an Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) media system. Communication system 30 1000 can be overlaid or operably coupled with systems 100, 200 of FIGS. 1 and 2 as another representative embodiment of communication system 1000. In one or more embodiments, system 1000 enables utilizing both the secure element (e.g., UICC) and

SDP together to provide a secure platform for user authentication, utilizing the SDP to process user generated authentication information such as biometric data for transmission to the UICC, utilizing the UICC to store user baseline cre-UICC to store credentials for external entities such as webbased email servers and map them to baseline credentials, and/or secure remote management of the UICC and SDP.

The IPTV media system can include a super head-end office (SHO) 1010 with at least one super headend office 45 server (SHS) 1011 which receives media content from satellite and/or terrestrial communication systems. In the present context, media content can represent, for example, audio content, moving image content such as 2D or 3D videos, video games, virtual reality content, still image content, and 50 combinations thereof. The SHS server 1011 can forward packets associated with the media content to one or more video head-end servers (VHS) 1014 via a network of video head-end offices (VHO) 1012 according to a multicast communication protocol.

The VHS 1014 can distribute multimedia broadcast content via an access network 1018 to commercial and/or residential buildings 1002 housing a gateway 1004 (such as a residential or commercial gateway). The access network 1018 can represent a group of digital subscriber line access multi- 60 plexers (DSLAMs) located in a central office or a service area interface that provide broadband services over fiber optical links or copper twisted pairs 1019 to buildings 1002. The gateway 1004 can use communication technology to distribute broadcast signals to media processors 1006 such as Set- 65 Top Boxes (STBs) which in turn present broadcast channels to media devices 1008 such as computers or television sets

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managed in some instances by a media controller 1007 (such as an infrared or RF remote controller).

The gateway 1004, the media processors 1006, and media devices 1008 can utilize tethered communication technologies (such as coaxial, powerline or phone line wiring) or can operate over a wireless access protocol such as Wireless Fidelity (WiFi), Bluetooth, Zigbee, or other present or next generation local or personal area wireless network technologies. By way of these interfaces, unicast communications can also be invoked between the media processors 1006 and subsystems of the IPTV media system for services such as videoon-demand (VoD), browsing an electronic programming guide (EPG), or other infrastructure services.

A satellite broadcast television system 1029 can be used in the media system of FIG. 10. The satellite broadcast television system can be overlaid, operably coupled with, or replace the IPTV system as another representative embodiment of communication system 1000. In this embodiment, signals transmitted by a satellite 1015 that include media content can be received by a satellite dish receiver 1031 coupled to the building 1002. Modulated signals received by the satellite dish receiver 1031 can be transferred to the media processors 1006 for demodulating, decoding, encoding, and/ or distributing broadcast channels to the media devices 1008. The media processors 1006 can be equipped with a broadband port to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) network 1032 to enable interactive services such as VoD and EPG as described above.

In yet another embodiment, an analog or digital cable broadcast distribution system such as cable TV system 1033 can be overlaid, operably coupled with, or replace the IPTV system and/or the satellite TV system as another representative embodiment of communication system 1000. In this embodiment, the cable TV system 1033 can also provide Internet, telephony, and interactive media services.

The subject disclosure can apply to other present or next generation over-the-air and/or landline media content services system.

Some of the network elements of the IPTV media system dentials and use them to verify the user's identity, utilizing the 40 can be coupled to one or more computing devices 1030, a portion of which can operate as a web server for providing web portal services over the ISP network 1032 to wireline media devices 1008 or wireless communication devices

> Communication system 1000 can also provide for computing devices 1030 to function as a remote management server (herein referred to as server 1030). The server 1030 can use computing and communication technology to perform function 1062, which can include among other things, remotely managing the authentication management function and the authentication processor function, providing baseline credentials to the secure element, engaging in a mutual authentication with the secure element and the SDP utilizing remote keysets.

Functions 1066 can include functions being performed at the secure element 108 including receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, storing the baseline credential and the external credential in the secure element memory, and mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. Functions 1066 can also include functions being performed at the secure device processor 106 such as receiving an application registration request where the receiving of the external credential by the secure element is responsive to the application registration request, receiving user input including a user credential, providing a request for an authentication to the secure element where the request for the authentication includes the user credential and enables the

secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication, receiving the authentication and the external credential from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential, and providing the external credential to an external entity device that 5 is remote from the communication device.

Multiple forms of media services can be offered to media devices over landline technologies such as those described above. Additionally, media services can be offered to media devices by way of a wireless access base station 1017 operating according to common wireless access protocols such as Global System for Mobile or GSM, Code Division Multiple Access or CDMA, Time Division Multiple Access or TDMA, Universal Mobile Telecommunications or UMTS, World interoperability for Microwave or WiMAX, Software 15 Defined Radio or SDR, Long Term Evolution or LTE, and so on. Other present and next generation wide area wireless access network technologies can be used in one or more embodiments of the subject disclosure.

FIG. 11 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication device 1100. Communication device 1100 can serve in whole or in part as an illustrative embodiment of the devices depicted in FIGS. 1-8 and 10. For instance, device 1100 can include a secure element and a secure device processor in the secure services platform 110 which perform the functions 25 described in the exemplary embodiments herein.

In one or more embodiments, the secure element of device 1110 can perform operations including receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, storing the baseline credential and the external credential in a secure element 30 memory of the secure element, and mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory. The secure element can receive a request for an authentication from a secure device processor of the communication device, where the secure device processor is separate 35 from the secure element and in communication with the secure element, and where the request for the authentication includes a user credential inputted into the communication device. The secure element can compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication, and 40 can provide the authentication and the external credential to the secure device processor without providing the baseline credential to enable the secure device processor to provide the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device.

In one or more embodiments, the receiving of the baseline credential by the device **1100** can include receiving a binary biometric credential from the secure device processor where the binary biometric credential is generated by the secure device processor by converting biometric input captured at a 50 user interface of the communication device into the binary biometric credential, and encrypting the binary biometric credential to generate the baseline credential.

In one or more embodiments, the baseline credential can be received by the secure element from a remote management 55 server that is in wireless communication with the communication device 1100 via a device processor of the communication device 1100 that is separate from the secure device processor and in communication with the secure device processor, where keysets are utilized for mutual authentication of the secure element and the secure device processor with the remote management server, and wherein the device processor enables voice communication services at the communication device.

To enable these features, communication device 1100 can 65 comprise a wireline and/or wireless transceiver 1102 (herein transceiver 1102), a user interface (UI) 1104, a power supply

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1114, a location receiver 1116, a motion sensor 1118, an orientation sensor 1120, and a controller 1106 for managing operations thereof. The transceiver 1102 can support short-range or long-range wireless access technologies such as Bluetooth, ZigBee, WiFi, DECT, or cellular communication technologies, just to mention a few. Cellular technologies can include, for example, CDMA-1X, UMTS/HSDPA, GSM/GPRS, TDMA/EDGE, EV/DO, WiMAX, SDR, LTE, NFC, as well as other next generation wireless communication technologies as they arise. The transceiver 1102 can also be adapted to support circuit-switched wireline access technologies (such as PSTN), packet-switched wireline access technologies (such as TCP/IP, VoIP, etc.), and combinations thereof

The UI 1104 can include a depressible or touch-sensitive keypad 1108 with a navigation mechanism such as a roller ball, a joystick, a mouse, or a navigation disk for manipulating operations of the communication device 1100. The keypad 1108 can be an integral part of a housing assembly of the communication device 1100 or an independent device operably coupled thereto by a tethered wireline interface (such as a USB cable) or a wireless interface supporting for example Bluetooth. The keypad 1108 can represent a numeric keypad commonly used by phones, and/or a QWERTY keypad with alphanumeric keys. The UI 1104 can further include a display 1110 such as monochrome or color LCD (Liquid Crystal Display), OLED (Organic Light Emitting Diode) or other suitable display technology for conveying images to an end user of the communication device 1100. In an embodiment where the display 1110 is touch-sensitive, a portion or all of the keypad 1108 can be presented by way of the display 1110 with navigation features.

The display 1110 can use touch screen technology to also serve as a user interface for detecting user input. As a touch screen display, the communication device 1100 can be adapted to present a user interface with graphical user interface (GUI) elements that can be selected by a user with a touch of a finger. The touch screen display 1110 can be equipped with capacitive, resistive or other forms of sensing technology to detect how much surface area of a user's finger has been placed on a portion of the touch screen display. This sensing information can be used to control the manipulation of the GUI elements or other functions of the user interface. The display 1110 can be an integral part of the housing assembly of the communication device 1100 or an independent device communicatively coupled thereto by a tethered wireline interface (such as a cable) or a wireless interface.

The UI 1104 can also include an audio system 1112 that utilizes audio technology for conveying low volume audio (such as audio heard in proximity of a human ear) and high volume audio (such as speakerphone for hands free operation). The audio system 1112 can further include a microphone for receiving audible signals of an end user. The audio system 1112 can also be used for voice recognition applications. The UI 1104 can further include an image sensor 1113 such as a charged coupled device (CCD) camera for capturing still or moving images.

The power supply 1114 can utilize common power management technologies such as replaceable and rechargeable batteries, supply regulation technologies, and/or charging system technologies for supplying energy to the components of the communication device 1100 to facilitate long-range or short-range portable applications. Alternatively, or in combination, the charging system can utilize external power sources such as DC power supplied over a physical interface such as a USB port or other suitable tethering technologies.

The location receiver 1116 can utilize location technology such as a global positioning system (GPS) receiver capable of assisted GPS for identifying a location of the communication device 1100 based on signals generated by a constellation of GPS satellites, which can be used for facilitating location services such as navigation. The motion sensor 1118 can utilize motion sensing technology such as an accelerometer, a gyroscope, or other suitable motion sensing technology to detect motion of the communication device 1100 in three-dimensional space. The orientation sensor 1120 can utilize orientation sensing technology such as a magnetometer to detect the orientation of the communication device 1100 (north, south, west, and east, as well as combined orientations in degrees, minutes, or other suitable orientation metrics).

The communication device 1100 can use the transceiver 1102 to also determine a proximity to a cellular, WiFi, Bluetooth, or other wireless access points by sensing techniques such as utilizing a received signal strength indicator (RSSI) and/or signal time of arrival (TOA) or time of flight (TOF) 20 measurements. The controller 1106 can utilize computing technologies such as a microprocessor, a digital signal processor (DSP), programmable gate arrays, application specific integrated circuits, and/or a video processor with associated storage memory such as Flash, ROM, RAM, SRAM, DRAM 25 or other storage technologies for executing computer instructions, controlling, and processing data supplied by the aforementioned components of the communication device 1100.

Other components not shown in FIG. 11 can be used in one or more embodiments of the subject disclosure. For instance, 30 the communication device 1100 can include a reset button (not shown). The reset button can be used to reset the controller 1106 of the communication device 1100. In yet another embodiment, the communication device 1100 can also include a factory default setting button positioned, for 35 example, below a small hole in a housing assembly of the communication device 1100 to force the communication device 1100 to re-establish factory settings. In this embodiment, a user can use a protruding object such as a pen or paper clip tip to reach into the hole and depress the default setting 40 button. The communication device 1100 can also include a slot for adding or removing an identity module such as a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) card which, in some embodiments, can be the secure element or UICC. SIM cards can be used for identifying subscriber services, executing 45 programs, storing subscriber data, and so forth.

The communication device **1100** as described herein can operate with more or less of the circuit components shown in FIG. **11**. These variant embodiments can be used in one or more embodiments of the subject disclosure.

The communication device 1100 can be adapted to perform the functions of the media processor 1006, the media devices 1008, or the portable communication devices 1016 of FIG. 10. It will be appreciated that the communication device 1100 can also represent other devices that can operate in communication system 1000 of FIG. 10, such as a gaming console and a media player.

The communication device 1100 shown in FIG. 11 or portions thereof can serve as a representation of one or more of the devices of FIGS. 1-8 and 10 including end user devices, 60 customer premises equipment, remote management servers, and/or external entity devices. In one or more embodiments, the external entity device can be operated by or affiliated with a third party entity that is different from and/or independent of the service provider operating the remote management server. 65 In addition, the controller 1106 can perform the functions 1062 or 1066.

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Upon reviewing the aforementioned embodiments, it would be evident to an artisan with ordinary skill in the art that said embodiments can be modified, reduced, or enhanced without departing from the scope of the claims described below. For example, generating the baseline credential (by the secure element) from binary data (e.g., converted user input) provided by the SDP can include adding additional information to the binary data to generate an adjusted binary data and then encrypting (by the secure element) the adjusted binary data. The additional information can be in various forms, such as information received from the remote management server that is associated with the user's identity.

Other embodiments can be used in the subject disclosure. It should be understood that devices described in the exemplary embodiments can be in communication with each other via various wireless and/or wired methodologies. The methodologies can be links that are described as coupled, connected and so forth, which can include unidirectional and/or bidirectional communication over wireless paths and/or wired paths that utilize one or more of various protocols or methodologies, where the coupling and/or connection can be direct (e.g., no intervening processing device) and/or indirect (e.g., an intermediary processing device such as a router).

FIG. 12 depicts an exemplary diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system 1200 within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methods described above. One or more instances of the machine can operate, for example, as the remote management server, the external entity device, the secure services platform, and so forth. In some embodiments, the machine may be connected (e.g., using a network 1226) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine may operate in the capacity of a server or a client user machine in server-client user network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment.

The machine may comprise a server computer, a client user computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet PC, a smart phone, a laptop computer, a desktop computer, a control system, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing a set of instructions (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine. It will be understood that a communication device of the subject disclosure includes broadly any electronic device that provides voice, video or data communication. Further, while a single machine is illustrated, the term "machine" shall also be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute a set (or multiple sets) of instructions to perform any one or more of the methods discussed herein.

The computer system 1200 may include a processor (or controller) 1202 (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU, or both), a main memory 1204 and a static memory 1206, which communicate with each other via a bus 1208. The computer system 1200 may further include a display unit 1210 (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD)), a flat panel, or a solid state display. The computer system 1200 may include an input device 1212 (e.g., a keyboard), a cursor control device 1214 (e.g., a mouse), a disk drive unit 1216, a signal generation device 1218 (e.g., a speaker or remote control) and a network interface device 1220. In distributed environments, the embodiments described in the subject disclosure can be adapted to utilize multiple display units 1210 controlled by two or more computer systems 1200. In this configuration, presentations described by the subject disclosure may in part be shown in a first of the display units 1210, while the remaining portion is presented in a second of the display units 1210.

The disk drive unit 1216 may include a tangible computer-readable storage medium 1222 on which is stored one or more sets of instructions (e.g., software 1224) embodying any one or more of the methods or functions described herein, including those methods illustrated above. The instructions 1224 5 may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory 1204, the static memory 1206, and/or within the processor 1202 during execution thereof by the computer system 1200. The main memory 1204 and the processor 1202 also may constitute tangible computer-readable storage 10 media

Dedicated hardware implementations including, but not limited to, application specific integrated circuits, programmable logic arrays and other hardware devices that can likewise be constructed to implement the methods described 15 herein. Application specific integrated circuits and programmable logic array can use downloadable instructions for executing state machines and/or circuit configurations to implement embodiments of the subject disclosure. Applications that may include the apparatus and systems of various 20 embodiments broadly include a variety of electronic and computer systems. Some embodiments implement functions in two or more specific interconnected hardware modules or devices with related control and data signals communicated between and through the modules, or as portions of an appli- 25 cation-specific integrated circuit. Thus, the example system is applicable to software, firmware, and hardware implementations.

In accordance with various embodiments of the subject disclosure, the operations or methods described herein are 30 intended for operation as software programs or instructions running on or executed by a computer processor or other computing device, and which may include other forms of instructions manifested as a state machine implemented with logic components in an application specific integrated circuit 35 or field programmable gate array. Furthermore, software implementations (e.g., software programs, instructions, etc.) including, but not limited to, distributed processing or component/object distributed processing, parallel processing, or virtual machine processing can also be constructed to imple- 40 ment the methods described herein. It is further noted that a computing device such as a processor, a controller, a state machine or other suitable device for executing instructions to perform operations or methods may perform such operations directly or indirectly by way of one or more intermediate 45 devices directed by the computing device.

While the tangible computer-readable storage medium 1222 is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term "tangible computer-readable storage medium" should be taken to include a single medium or 50 multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) that store the one or more sets of instructions. The term "tangible computer-readable storage medium" shall also be taken to include any non-transitory medium that is capable of storing or encoding a set of instructions for execution by the machine and that cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methods of the subject disclosure. The term "non-transitory" as in a non-transitory computer-readable storage includes without limitation memories, drives, devices and anything tangible 60 but not a signal per se.

The term "tangible computer-readable storage medium" shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to: solid-state memories such as a memory card or other package that houses one or more read-only (non-volatile) memories, random access memories, or other re-writable (volatile) memories, a magneto-optical or optical medium such as a

disk or tape, or other tangible media which can be used to store information. Accordingly, the disclosure is considered to include any one or more of a tangible computer-readable storage medium, as listed herein and including art-recognized equivalents and successor media, in which the software implementations herein are stored.

Although the present specification describes components and functions implemented in the embodiments with reference to particular standards and protocols, the disclosure is not limited to such standards and protocols. Each of the standards for Internet and other packet switched network transmission (e.g., TCP/IP, UDP/IP, HTML, HTTP, NFC) represent examples of the state of the art. Such standards are from time-to-time superseded by faster or more efficient equivalents having essentially the same functions. Wireless standards for device detection (e.g., RFID), short-range communications (e.g., Bluetooth, WiFi, Zigbee, NFC), and long-range communications (e.g., WiMAX, GSM, CDMA, LTE) can be used by computer system 1200.

The illustrations of embodiments described herein are intended to provide a general understanding of the structure of various embodiments, and they are not intended to serve as a complete description of all the elements and features of apparatus and systems that might make use of the structures described herein. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description. The exemplary embodiments can include combinations of features and/or steps from multiple embodiments. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. Figures are also merely representational and may not be drawn to scale. Certain proportions thereof may be exaggerated, while others may be minimized Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically described herein, can be used in the subject disclosure. Additionally, features such as components or steps that are positively recited in one or more of the exemplary embodiments can also be expressly excluded from the exemplary embodiments.

The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separately claimed subject matter.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A communication device comprising:
- a secure element having a secure element memory with first executable instructions, wherein the secure element, responsive to executing the first executable instructions, performs first operations comprising:

- receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential is from a remote management server that is remote from the communication device;
- storing the baseline credential and the external creden- 5 tial in the secure element memory; and
- mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory;
- a secure device processor having a secure device processor memory with second executable instructions, wherein 10 the secure device processor is separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element, wherein the secure element and the secure device processor are mutually authenticated with the remote management server using a remote management keyset, 15 wherein the secure device processor, responsive to executing the second executable instructions, performs second operations comprising:
 - receiving an application registration request, wherein the receiving of the external credential by the secure 20 element is responsive to the application registration request;

receiving user input including a user credential;

- providing a request for an authentication to the secure element, wherein the request for the authentication 25 includes the user credential and enables the secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication;
- receiving the authentication and the external credential from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential; and
- providing the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device; and
- a device processor that is separate from the secure device processor and in communication with the secure device processor, wherein the device processor facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and the remote management server, and wherein the device processor facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and the external entity device.
- 2. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the secure element comprises a universal integrated circuit card.
- 3. The communication device of claim 2, wherein the 45 receiving of the application registration request is from an application being executed by the device processor, and wherein the receiving of the user input is in response to a prompt that is presented by the communication device responsive to the application being executed by the device 50 processor.
- **4**. The communication device of claim **1**, comprising a user interface and wherein the receiving of the baseline credential comprises:
 - receiving, by the secure device processor, biometric input 55 captured at the user interface;
 - converting, by the secure device processor, the biometric input into a binary biometric credential; and
 - providing the binary biometric credential from the secure device processor to the secure element.

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- 5. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the baseline credential includes a password, a pin number, a digital signature, a finger print, a voice print, a face print, or combinations thereof.
- 6. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the external credential includes at least one of a server login, a digital signature, or a response to a challenge.

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- 7. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the receiving of the application registration request is at least one of based on other user input or received from an application being executed by the communication device.
- **8**. The communication device of claim **1**, wherein the receiving of the application registration request is from the external entity device, and wherein the receiving of the user input is in response to a prompt that is presented by the communication device responsive to the application registration request
- 9. The communication device of claim 1, comprising a user interface and wherein the receiving of the baseline credential comprises:
 - receiving, by the secure device processor, user data inputted at the user interface;
 - converting, by the secure device processor, the user data into a binary credential; and
 - providing the binary credential from the secure device processor to the secure element.
- 10. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the device processor enables at least one of voice, video or data communication services to be provided by the communication device, wherein the first executable instructions are received by the secure element from the remote management server, and wherein the second executable instructions are received by the secure device processor from the remote management server.
 - 11. A method comprising:
 - receiving, by a secure element of a communication device, a baseline credential and an external credential, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential is from a remote management server that is remote from the communication device:
 - storing the baseline credential and the external credential in a secure element memory of the secure element;
 - mapping, by the secure element, the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory;
 - receiving, by a secure device processor of the communication device, an application registration request, wherein the receiving of the external credential by the secure element is responsive to the application registration request, wherein the secure device processor is separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element:
 - receiving, by the secure device processor, user input including a user credential;
 - providing a request for an authentication from the secure device processor to the secure element, wherein the request for the authentication includes the user credential and enables the secure element to compare the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication;
 - receiving, by the secure device processor, the authentication from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential, wherein the secure element and the secure device processor are mutually authenticated with the remote management server using a remote management keyset; and
 - facilitating, by a device processor of the communication device, wireless communications between the communication device and the remote management server, wherein the device processor is separate from the secure device processor and in communication with the secure device processor.

12. The method of claim 11, comprising:

receiving, by the secure device processor, the external credential from the secure element without receiving the baseline credential; and

providing, by the secure device processor, the external 5 credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device.

13. The method of claim 11, comprising:

enabling at least one of voice or data communication services at the communication device utilizing the device processor; and

providing, by the secure device processor, the external credential to an application being executed by the communication device, wherein the application is associated with the application registration request.

14. The method of claim **11**, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential comprises:

receiving, by the secure device processor, biometric input captured at a user interface of the communication device;

converting, by the secure device processor, the biometric input into a binary biometric credential; and

providing the binary biometric credential from the secure device processor to the secure element.

15. The method of claim 11, wherein the baseline credential includes a password, a pin number, a digital signature, a finger print, a voice print, a face print or combinations thereof, wherein the receiving of the user input including the user credential is from one of another communication device or inputted at the communication device.

16. The method of claim **11**, wherein the receiving of the application registration request is based on user input.

17. The method of claim 12, wherein the receiving of the application registration request is from the external entity device, and wherein the receiving of the user input is in ³⁵ response to a prompt that is presented by the communication device responsive to the application registration request.

18. A computer readable storage device comprising instructions which, responsive to being executed by a secure element of a communication device, cause the secure element to perform operations comprising:

receiving a baseline credential and an external credential, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential is from a remote management server that is remote from the 22

communication device, wherein the receiving of the external credential by the secure element is responsive to a secure device processor of the communication device receiving an application registration request;

storing the baseline credential and the external credential in a secure element memory of the secure element;

mapping the external credential to the baseline credential in the secure element memory;

receiving a request for an authentication from the secure device processor of the communication device, wherein the secure device processor is separate from the secure element and in communication with the secure element, wherein the request for the authentication includes a user credential inputted into the communication device, wherein the secure element and the secure device processor are mutually authenticated with the remote management server using a remote management keyset;

comparing the user credential with the baseline credential to verify the authentication; and

providing the authentication and the external credential to the secure device processor without providing the baseline credential to enable the secure device processor to provide the external credential to an external entity device that is remote from the communication device,

wherein a device processor of the communication device facilitates wireless communications between the communication device and the remote management server and between the communication device and the external entity device, wherein the device processor is separate from the secure device processor and in communication with the secure device processor.

19. The computer readable storage device of claim 18, wherein the receiving of the baseline credential comprises:

receiving a binary biometric credential from the secure device processor, wherein the binary biometric credential is generated by the secure device processor by converting biometric input captured at a user interface of the communication device into the binary biometric credential.

20. The computer readable storage device of claim 18, wherein the device processor enables at least one of voice, video or data communication services at the communication device.

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